The Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 2. VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1886. No. 221

A. GILMORE.

Special Notice--Great Clearing Sale

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING.

For the next ten days we will sell Overcoats, Men's and Boys' Clothing at such a reduction in prices as cannot fail to attract attention.

If you want Cheap Clothing now is your opportunity for securing bargains for ten days only.

This is a genuine sale—at least 20 per ct. less than regular prices.

☞ *Come and see for yourself.*

A. GILMORE, Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Johnson Street.

Wanted.

Advertisements under this head, three insertions 50 cents: six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED.—Laborers, $1 75: Ball Drillers, $2; Girl for housework and Sewing, $12; Woman Cook for boarding house, $30; Youth for store, commencing at $15; Woman for house work, to attend store, $20. Apply to B. C. Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas, Victoria. feb24 6t

WANTED.—To Business Men. We have a party who will invest about $2000 in a general business that will bear investigation. Apply to British Columbia Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas. feb22 6t

WANTED.—A respectable girl for light house work and sewing. This is a good place for a good girl, and a nice home. Wages $12. Apply to British Columbia Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas, Victoria. feb24 6t

WANTED.—Boys to work at Hosiery establishment. Apply at No. 112 Fort street. feb19 6t

WANTED.—March 1st, by a married man, a situation as Salesman. City or country. Twelve years experience. Reference from present employer. Address 100, TIMES office. feb19 diw W2w

WANTED.—A servant girl for a small family. Address P. O. Box 529, City. feb18

WANTED.—Three or four Dressmakers: also, several Apprentices to learn Dressmaking. Apply to Mrs. McQueen, Fort street. feb18 6t

WANTED.—Two or three experienced Tailoresses. Good wages paid to first class hands. Apply to "S. T.," New Westminster. sen11 tf

For Sale.

PIANO.—A superior Instrument; hand-one walnut case; tri-bord. A great bargain. Apply to Pickering & Co., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas street. feb24 6t

FOR SALE.—A cooking range, nearly new, suitable for a hotel. Apply at the Garrick's Head, Bastion street. fe23-6t

FOR SALE.—A good Milch Cow and Calf. Address "Cow," TIMES office. feb16

FOR SALE.—A Screw Press, in good order; will do for Blacksmith's or Cannery use. Also Bricks and Castings to fit Canadian Stoves. Apply to H. C. Wilson, corner Johnson and Blanchard streets. feb12 1m

FOR SALE.—The International Hotel, Esquimalt, with Furniture belonging to the same, Bar Fixtures, Billiard Table, &c. A well 40 ft. deep with pump. Outhouses, &c. The Hotel has accommodation for 60 people. For further particulars apply to S. Jones, Dominion Hotel, Yates street. dec30 tf

To Let.

FOR RENT.—A desirable 8-roomed residence on Chatham street, near Government. Rent $18 per month, including water. Apply to Mrs. Shakespeare, corner of Broad and View streets. feb2: tf

FOR RENT.—HOUSE OF FIVE ROOMS, conveniently located, to rent for $16 per month, water included. The furniture of the same house for sale at $175. Apply at Terminal Land Office, corner of Douglas and Yates streets. dec3 tf

Lost and Found.

LOST.—Between Halfway House, Esquimalt and city, a Buffalo Rug, on Monday last. A Suitable reward offered to any one returning to Colonial Hotel. feb22 10t

Meetings to be Held.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR will hold their Regular Weekly Meeting at Harmony Hall every Saturday Evening. A full attendance is requested. dec24

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Fort Streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. W. H. MASON, Secretary. sep 1-ly

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every third Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 2.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. no5-t

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMPERANCE Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. HENRY RUDGE, President.

Notice to Consignees.

BRITISH Barque "DUNDONALD, Puxley Master, from London, will commence discharging in this harbor on Monday morning, 22nd inst., at eight o'clock, and following days. Consignees are notified to present Bills of Lading and pay freight to the undersigned, by whom delivery orders will be issued. All cargo left on the wharf after five o'clock p. m. each day will be at the risk of owners or consignees thereof, who will be responsible for any storage or other charges incurred thereon.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
Consignees of Barque "Dundonald."
Wharf street, Victoria, Feb. 20, 1886. feb20 6t

British Barque "Dundonald," FROM LONDON.

NOTICE.

NEITHER Captain Puxley nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the officers or crew of the above named vessel.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
Consignees.

The Victoria Quintette Quadrille Orchestra.

OVERTURES, Operatic Selections, Dance Music—entirely new—furnished to Balls, Parties and Theatres.
For terms, apply to FRANK CAMPBELL, JR., Government street. dec21

THE EQUITABLE
Life Assurance Society.
120 Broadway, New York.

HENRY B. HYDE, President.

Assets, January 1st, 1886	$66,553,287 50
Liabilities, 4 per cent. Valuation	$52,691,148 37
Surplus	$13,862 229 13
(Surplus on N. Y. Standard, 4½ per cent. interest, $17,495,329 40.)	
Surplus, over Liabilities, on every standard of valuation, larger than that of any other life assurance company.	
New Assurance in 1885	$93,048,378 00
Outstanding Assurance	$357,338,246 00
Total Paid Policy-Holders in 1885	$7,138,989 95
Paid Policy-Holders since Organization	$88,211,175 62
Income	$16,590,053 13

Improvement during the Year

Increase of Premium Income	$1,430,249 00
Increase of Surplus	$3,378,622 03
Increase of Assets	$8,291,461 96

New assurance written in 1885, the largest business ever transacted by the Society or by any other company in a single year; the business of 1884 three millions over that of 1883, and that of 1885 eleven millions over that of 1884.

Assurance written by the Society during the twenty-six years and a half of its history, $405,000,000 more than any other company has written during its same period.

The Society issues a plain and simple contract of assurance, free from burdensome and technical conditions, and INCONTESTABLE after three years. All Policies as soon as they become incontestable are payable IMMEDIATELY upon the receipt of satisfactory proofs of death.

I hereby certify, that after a personal examination of the investments and accounts of the Society, I find the foregoing condensed statement thereof to be correct and true.

JOHN A. McCALL, Jr., Comptroller.

For full particulars, see the 26th ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Society.

☞ Skillful life insurance agents can do more business for the Equitable than for any other company, and consequently can earn more money for themselves. Interviews and correspondence invited.

C. G. BALLENTYNE,
General Manager, B. C.
feb22 1m

(No. 128.)

A BYLAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for 1886.

Be it enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $40,000, including the nos. existing overdraft, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the thirty-first day of December, 1886, out of the municipal revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This Bylaw may be cited as the "Bank Credit Bylaw, 1886."

Passed the Municipal Council the third day of February, A. D., 1886.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 17th day of February, A. D., 1886.

JAMES FELL,
Mayor.

JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.

(L. S.) feb22

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

NOTICE.

THE above Society was duly organized on Saturday evening, the 20th inst.

All persons who may be eligible wishing to join the Society can do so WITHOUT PAYMENT OF ENTRANCE FEE, by signing the roll at the Secretary's office and payment of one month's dues—50 cents—or one year's dues—$5—in advance.

Prior to the 1st day of April next.

All members who have already joined are requested to call at the Secretary's office and sign the roll.

By order.

C. MORTON,
Secretary.
Feb. 22, 1886. feb22 1m

Æsthetic Flowers,
BEAUTIFUL ANNUALS, Etc.

6 packages Esthetic flower seeds assorted for 50c
14 packages Annuals seeds consisting of Asters, Stocks, Phlox, Drummonds, &c., for $1 00
7 packages Seeds for cemetery purposes for 50c
7 packages Immortelle and Ornamental grass seeds for 50c

On receipt of price any of the above seeds will be forwarded, postage free to any address.

Purchasers may rely upon these seeds, as they are all of my own raising, and being acclimated are far superior to imported seeds. Address:

J. MOSS, Florist, Victoria, B. C.
Residence, Johnson St. near Blanchard St.
feb 22-2ms

Notice.

I have taken my son, C. N. Gowen and G. H. Gowen, into partnership in my business as from the 1st day of January, 1886.

The partnership business will be carried on under the firm name of Charles Gowen & Sons.

CHARLES GOWEN.
feb16 tf

THE ORACLES ON THE DEFICIT.

So far from a deficit existing there was up to the 30th of June, 1885, a balance of assets over liabilities of $49,763.76—*Colonist*, Feb. 7th.

There is now a surplus of over $100,000 in the treasury.—*Columbian*, Feb. 10th.

* * So far from this being the case the expenditure during the year 1884-5 has been within the revenue by some $90,000. If what I state is not correct I am the biggest liar in British Columbia. —*Mr. Theo. Davie, at Public Meeting*, Feb. 10th.

In reference to the foregoing conflicting statements THE TIMES offers the suggestion to the government that it would be advisable to call the white-washers in, teach them their lesson, and the necessity of being able to say their piece well and uniformly, and then turn them loose upon the community. Between them they must decide as to which is entitled to the appellation MR. DAVIE claims for himself. It is very evident that other Richmonds are in the field for the honor.

In view of the divergence of opinion as to the actual position of the province, financially, it is well that the report of the Public Accounts Committee has been presented at this particular juncture of the discussion, and that much light thereby has been thrown on the subject. That report states:

1st. That "the amount received from the Dominion Government for the dry dock at Esquimalt was ☞ *expended prior to the 31st December, 1885.*"

2nd. "*The sum of $140,808.33 received by overdraft from the Bank of British Columbia, was expended in addition to the revenue received from July 1st to 31st December, 1885.*"

3rd. "The Finance Minister is of opinion that the overdraft ☞ *cannot be repaid to the bank out of the revenue for the year*, ☞ in addition to meeting all the requirements for the current year."

The report further states that the sums voted for improvements in certain districts have already been exceeded; also, the fact that the receipts from the sale of Island railway lands instead of being deposited in the bank to the order of the Receiver General of Canada, in accordance with the terms of the Settlement Act, that these conditions have been violated and that Mr. DUNSMUIR has made a different arrangement himself as to the disposal of these sums. This is a serious matter, for it plainly indicates a powerful influence exercised over the government to such a degree that its statutary laws are ignored and broken as if they were made of pipeclay.

WHERE HAS IT ALL GONE?

The electors, alarmed at the financial revelations that have been unearthed by THE TIMES, and which have been fully corroborated by the report of the Public Accounts Committee, are asking "where has all the money gone to; by whom and where spent?" Pertinent questions these that must be answered. Nothing less than a full statement, in detail, of every item will be considered satisfactory to the people. The money was theirs, and it is their prerogative to insist on knowing where it all has gone to. It is now easy to understand why the government declared it to be impossible to comply with the terms of the resolution of the leader of the opposition, in asking for a detailed account to the 31st of last December. The cabinet knew that an enormous deficit existed, and wishing to conceal so appalling a state of affairs, beseeched and implored its servile supporters to come to their rescue and vote the motion down. They responded with alacrity and for the time being succeeded in defeating Mr. BEAVEN's request. Truth, however, will ultimately triumph, and so right has prevailed in this instance. But the query remains to be answered: "Where has it all gone to?" Possibly, by way of a starter, in arriving at a solution of the problem, the *Colonist* will give a "pointer" by stating the number of thousands of dollars, of the people's hard earnings, that have been drawn into its coffers for questionable services? It is now in order for the *Colonist* to lead off in enlightening the public on the grave and all-absorbing topic of the enormous deficit, and how it all came about.

"THE LINE."

Merchants failing
To display
What they have
From day to day,
Cannot very
Well expect
That the people
Will select
From a line of
Goods not shown.
And of course
To them unknown.
If you'd have
The people choose,
Let them read
As public news
In THE TIMES
Of every day
Just the goods
You would display.

As an article for the toilet, Ayer's Hair Vigor stands unrivalled. It cleanses the scalp and preserves it from scurf and dandruff, cures itching and humors, restores faded or gray hair to its original dark color, and promotes its growth. *

OUR ENGLISH LETTER.

Notable Events—The Nottingham Art Museum—Magnificent Display—The Government—A Wit—The Gallows—DeLesseps.

[From our own Correspondent.]

NOTTINGHAM ART MUSEUM.

NOTTINGHAM, Feb. 1, 1886.—Last week there opened at the Castle Art Museum the annual exhibition of modern pictures, which usually follows that held in the autumn. The present collection, which is probably from many points of view the best ever exhibited in the long gallery, is composed largely of academy pictures, and others from the exhibitions which have just closed at Liverpool, Manchester and Birmingham. Such is the number and character of the exhibition that no single inspection on a short winter's day is sufficient to allow any one to view the fine collection satisfactorily. There are 40 pictures in water-color and 114 in oil, making a total of 154; besides the permanent collection of a high standard, is very extensive. The chief work in the collection is "Gordon's Last Messenger," by Fred'k. Goodall, R. A. It is in many respects a great work. An Arab is depicted crossing the desert waste on camel back. The expression on the toil-worn face is in itself a study, and the wearied camel drags its feet and kicks up the sand. The only objects that break the monotonous prospect are the skeletons of camels, from one of which a hyæna is skulking unwillingly away, and over the others vultures are hovering. Another fine picture is "Hide and Seek," by J. C. Horsley, R. A. Children are playing at the well-known game in a country church yard. One party is hiding behind a recumbent stone, while another is seeking and about to discover them. In the background are the church, the rector, and an ancient parishioner of the laboring class, while in the porch stands an old cripple and another small flock of children.

A MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY.

The ceremony of the opening of Parliament is an old story by this time; but after all that has been said of our magnificence in the way of velvet and ermine, of rich brocade and satin damask, it is rather mortifying to compare the costume worn by the Sultan of Johore—who sat alone, despondent and melancholy, in his carriage, lined with gorgeous yellow satin, with his gold sword laid across his knees—resplendent in gold and jewels, his turban surmounted by an aigrette of diamonds worth much more than would be offered as ransom by any European people for their sovereign nowadays, his scarlet velvet tunic covered with emeralds and sapphires, and then remember that his ancestors were thus gorgeously attired centuries ago, when ours where running naked through the woods. No wonder the Sultan of Johore looked round with something of contempt upon the whole affair—upon the royal carriage with its poverty of gilding; upon the scanty costumes of the pages and attendants; upon the dingy, unwashed, gaping multitude lining the muddy causeway; and above all, upon the leaden sky above their heads, and the melting snow and slush beneath their feet.

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

Mr. Gladstone having received a mandate from the Queen will proceed to Osborne to-day; he is prepared to undertake the formation of a Cabinet if allowed a free hand. It is reported that the Marquis of Hartington, finding himself unable to acquiesce in the Irish policy by Mr. Gladstone has declined to join the new administration. There is reason to believe that amongst Mr. Gladstone's colleagues besides Mr. Chamberlain, Sir W. Harcourt, Mr. Childers, Mr. Trevelyan, Lord Kimberly, Lord Granville, and Lord Spencer will be Mr. John Morley, Lord Roseberry, and Mr. Mundella.

Sir Henry James' attitude is still undefined. There are also some doubts as to the course likely to be adopted by Lord Derby, but it is considered likely that he will in the end be induced to join his old coadjutors. The conferences between the Liberal leaders during the last few days have led to some important changes in the programme upon which the new government will stake its existence. The basis upon which an agreement has been arrived at in reference to the Irish question is the establishment of a Legislative Assembly at Dublin, for dealing with purely Irish affairs on the condition that the integrity of the Empire and the rights of the Crown shall be guaranteed by ample safeguards. The proposed measure for dealing with the Irish land question will be shelved for a time. This is principally on account of the desire expressed by Mr. Gladstone, who has not yet completed his bill on the subject.

MR. J. A. BLAKE,

the accepted Parnellite candidate for Carlow, who sat in the last Parliament for Waterford County, will be, as wit and humorist, a decided social gain to the Commons. This is the gentleman who delighted the House of Commons during the progress of a rather dull and prosy "Sunday Closing" debate by reading out a purely fictitious letter, which the hon. member (who, by-the-bye, is close on seventy) alleged he had received from his uncle, and which exhorted him (Mr. B.) to give up his five glasses of whiskey per *diem*, on the ground that such an abstention would tend (D.V.) "to lengthen his days." Mr. Blake's reply commenced thus: "My dear Uncle,—I am deeply grateful for your paternal solicitude about me, and you will be glad to learn that I have taken your advice. Giving up whiskey I found will, as you put it so beautifully, lengthen my days, as on Friday last I tried your plan, had no whiskey and found it the longest day I passed in my life."

FOOTBALL.

One of the greatest surprises during the present season took place last week. The Notts club, journeyed all the way to Blackpool, confident of an easy victory over its club there, but they experienced a painful awakening. With a splendid record they had to meet a comparatively unknown club in the fifth round of the English cup competition, and as much as ten to one was laid against the Blackpool men, who came off victorious by two goals to one. Unfortunately early on in the match one of the Notts' players had a bone in his ankle broken by colliding with an opposing player, so he had to be carried off the field on a stretcher. That, with the bad state of the ground, had a deal to do with the Notts losing the match, for they scored their first and only goal a minute after the start. I see that two deaths from accidents in the football field occurred last week, both by kicks in the stomach.

THE HANGMAN'S BUSY WEEK.

Berry, of Bradford, the executioner, will have a busy time next week, for besides having to hang the Netherly murderers, three in number, he will have to execute four other condemned prisoners in different parts of the country.

M. DELESSEPS,

Despite his eighty years, has gaily started on a journey to Panama, to see the progress made with his second great canal. He talks of being back in sixty days, and declares that he shall not die until the work is completed. It is evident that he still has the enthusiasm of youth.

J. H.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

ISLAND RAILWAY LANDS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—Allow me to ask where is our government, or have we any? They fail to govern in small things as well as great, excepting Robert Dunsmuir, who governs everything, and who dictates to both government and people, and threatens what he shall do, if they don't comply with his wishes. We have had a sample of his doings in our midst. If any settler makes complaint to the government agent about parties cutting timber, or anything else, the answer is invariably, "if the timber is for Mr. Dunsmuir, I cannot interfere, as I have got into trouble by doing so before." To show that the present government has no power over this self-constituted autocrat, and that he alone is the ruling power over the government, when Mr. Smithe, or any member of the Cabinet, allows Mr. Dunsmuir, or any one else, to rob the public lands, as in the case of Mr. Wadington's claim, and others, after the government agent notifying the parties to stop cutting the timber, that they were on government land. They did stop till Mr. Dunsmuir arrived. He told them that neither Wadington nor the government had anything to do with it; and to go on with their work and never mind them; and they did so; thus overruling the government's officials. The timber that he is taking from the lands is not for railway purposes, but for his own private use at the Wellington colliery. If it is railway lands he is taking it from, he is surely doing an injustice, as her the lands belong to the government, or to the settler, or to Stanford, Crocker & Co., no matter to whom the lands may yet belong. The settlers are willing to pay the government price, whatever that may be, if it is government land, even if it is ten dollars per acre for surface and timber; but don't want to pay Mr. Dunsmuir that sum and receive nothing. If it is railway land we are entitled to them on the conditions of the Settlement Bill. The corruption that exists with our government, towards the working classes, is prominent in every turn they make, first one grab and then another; and last but not least is the attempt to take from the poor settlers the land they have been improving for years to make a home for their families. But the government has only one course to pursue and always in the same direction; it is to make the rich richer and the poor poorer.

ANOTHER INTERESTED.

THE MEDICAL BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—I notice in your issue of last evening an article on the "Medical Bill." The writer has evidently given you, by the length of his article, a "homœopathic" course of treatment. That is to say he has given us nothing in particular but everything in general. The medical bill now before the Legislature asks for no monopoly; but only to put it on a similar basis with the other provinces. If we were to compare the bill with the Ontario Act, in point of requirements for qualifications they would consider it of no value whatever. The bill now before our House, if compared with that of Ontario, asks for no control over the matriculation examinations; nor does it ask for a term of one year's attendance at a Canadian School, if he be a graduate from an American college. The Ontario act compels candidates to take their examinations at the end of the second and fourth year of their studies. The present ask for no such restrictions, only that he has spent three years attendance at a college, no matter where that college may be, and pass the necessary examination. I may safely say there is not a province in the Dominion that has such a liberal act governing the medical profession, as is now proposed for legislation.

A READER.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES.

James Bryce, the British Under Foreign Secretary stated yesterday that the government did not entertain the opinion that the present was a favorable time to approach the Sultan with a view of securing a cession of territory to Greece.

Lord Rosebery, Foreign Secretary, has received from Sir Horace Rumbold, British Minister at Athens, a telegram announcing the formal submission of Greece, and stating that Premier Delayannis will prepare a protest to the powers that Greece submits only to force.

Parnell, in an interview, stated that he thought Lord Randolph Churchill's visit to Ulster will end in smoke.

Five Mormons were arrested at Salt Lake yesterday charged with conspiracy to massacre.

In an interview Chamberlain said he felt that it would be improper for him to discuss home rule before Gladstone matured and propounded his scheme.

OUR MINERALS.

Messrs. Oppenheimer are now busy labelling the various samples of quartz they intend forwarding to the Colonial Exhibition, London, in a few days. The collection is indeed a splendid one, and embracing no less than 55 samples from all parts of this province. Each sample is so labelled that by reference to the catalogue accompanying the cases it will be ascertained where the sample was procured; depth of mine and width of ledge; quantity of gold, silver and copper it yields to the ton. This will undoubtedly be the best mineral display made by any province or even the Dominion itself. Messrs. Oppenheimer are to be congratulated on the success that has attended their efforts. We shall endeavour in a future issue to give fuller particulars of these samples.

—Merchants who desire to cater for the upper country trade should advertise in the WEEKLY TIMES; cheap rates and largest circulation.

The beginning of 1886 finds Rand Bros. with offices at Victoria, New Westminster and Coal Harbor. Parties desiring investments will do well to consult them.

GOSNELL'S SUGAR CUREDHAMS are now ready at his store, corner Cormorant and Douglas streets.

CABLE DESPATCHES.

THE IRISH CAUSE.

A Letter from Justin McCarthy —Home Rule Demands

An Irish Parliament with Sole Authority in Irish Affairs.

THE PROCEDURE COMMITTEE.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Parnell and Arthur O'Connor have been nominated to represent the Parnellites on the Procedure Committee in the House of Commons.

CHURCHILL DENOUNCED.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—T. O'Connor, in an interview, said Churchill failed to do his best for the Nationalists, and is now doing his best against them. With the folly arising from a shallow mind and absolute illiteracy, he attacks the most sacred belief of the confessional. His speeches appeal to the worst form of bigotry. They will do the Nationalists immense good. Healey said he believed Churchill's speeches would excite the blood of the Liberals and benefit the Nationalists' attempt if he continued to drag sixteenth century feuds into the political arena of to-day. "The story of Churchill's relations with the Parnellites is all bosh. I never conversed with him longer than five minutes at a time in all my life," O'Brien said, and further "Churchill is revenging himself on the Orangemen who threatened to spoil his meeting at Liverpool a few months ago."

JUSTIN MCCARTHY'S VIEWS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The *Independent* of the 25th inst. will publish a letter from Mr. Justin McCarthy, M. P., setting forth in an intelligible form for American readers what Mr. Parnell and his *confreres* include in their demand for Home Rule, and following the compromising essential features in it. He begins by saying, "Nationalists do not demand separation and would not be satisfied with mere local boards, and that very many Irishmen would be glad for separation but they recognize that the spirit of the age does not favor small independent states, but rather a conglomeration of states and that therefore the questions of separation does not come into practical politics." He then goes on to say "that all Irishmen, I know—certainly all responsible Irishmen—are well content to see Ireland part of Great Britain, provided she is a partner with England on fair terms; if she is, they are willing that Ireland should be in partnership, but they are not willing that she should be in subjection. What they say to English statesmen is this: Give Ireland her right to manage her own affairs within the line of sea foam that washes her shores; give her the right to do for herself what every state in the American Union has a right to do for itself. Every one of the English colonies in Canada and Australia can do that. Give us this much and we are willing to live in friendly partnership with you. As to Imperial affairs, we could easily arrange any compromise that might be found necessary. My own idea of a satisfactory system would be to have a Home Rule parliament for England, another for Ireland, and if needs be more yet, another for Wales, as well as for Ireland, and an Imperial parliament in which all should be represented in Imperial affairs. In affairs of common interest this would be just such a system as you Americans have, as Canada and Australia have, but neither England nor Scotland want a Home Rule parliament just yet. I say just yet, because the demand and necessity will come some day; sooner or later England and Scotland will find that it is not possible to get through local parochial, national and imperial business in one centralized legislature, but, just yet, this is not fully recognized, and therefore there is a certain difficulty about establishing a system which should give Ireland, and Ireland alone, a domestic parliament, and at the same time allow Ireland full representation in the Imperial parliament. Englishmen say it is unreasonable that you should expect us to come here and take part in governing our affairs, while we are not to be allowed to have any share in the management of your affairs. I do not think there is much in objecting, but the objection is made and has to be taken into account, therefore I, at least, should be quite willing to accept a parliament in College Green, Dublin, and to give us all right to a seat in the Imperial parliament at Westminster. Some arrangement could easily be made as to Ireland's share in common taxation and her voice on Imperial affairs. No serious difficulty would arise about that; give us an Irish Parliament and we will show that we are ready to meet England on fair and reasonable grounds of compromise, and arrangement as to other matters; but it must be an Irish Parliament, not a system of local boards. What is the difference, it may be asked? Even in practice there would be a difference, and it would be very great in principle. The difference is the difference between what we want and what we don't want. We want to have the existence of an Irish nation recognized; we want an Irish National Parliament, free to make what laws it will for the internal administration in Ireland. We could not accept the control of parliament at Westminster. That would be to hand us over to the control of the English majority; but we should be quite willing to accept control of the sovereign, as acting on advice of her Irish ministers on the same principle as that which prevails in Canada and Australia. Of course it would be merely nominal control, just as it is in Canada and Australia, and in England herself, control of the sovereign in these countries never again can be anything but nominal. Control of an English ministry over Ireland in the domestic parliament would be very real and altogether intolerable. Ireland would be quite willing to give any requisite guarantee by an article in a written constitution or otherwise for protection of the minority in all their freedom of conscience and in all their rights of whatever kind. Nothing could be less needed than such a guarantee. Nothing is farther from the minds and hearts of the Catholics in Ireland than to do the slightest wrong to the protestants of Ireland. With the single exception of O'Connell, all great Irish leaders have been protestants, and some of O'Connell's most powerful supporters were protestants. See what a list it is, Wolfetone, Lord Edward Fitzgerald, Robert Emmit, Wm. Smith, O'Brien, Thomas Davis, Isaac Butt, Charles Stewart Parnell, all protestants. Among new members elected to serve Ireland's national cause in the Imperial parliament are several earnest protestants, who would be rather amused if they were asked whether they were not afraid of being deprived of their freedom of worship if an Irish parliament were to be established. What about that northern province of Ireland which we hear of as "Protestant Ulster?" I ask my American readers to get well into their minds the fact that the majority of members returned to Parliament from the province of Ulster are Nationalists and devoted followers of Mr. Parnell. Let us name some of them: Mr. Healey, Mr. Biggar, Mr. Wm. O'Brien, Mr. Wm. Redmond, Mr. Arthur O'Connor. Every American has heard of these names and knows that they are the names of men absolutely devoted to the Irish national cause. These men and many others like them are now the chosen representatives of Ulster constituencies. Mr. Sexton went near to carrying a division of Belfast. I was only 20 votes behind my Orange competitor for representation of the Orange city of Derby. Tell me of a Protestant being oppressed by his Catholic neighbor in such a country and under such conditions, but by all means let a guaranty be given if it is thought desirable or necessary, let it be given in any form that national men can devise, I shall make no trouble about that.

THE LONDON RIOTS.

Col. Henderson, Chief of the Metropolitan Police, Resigns.

A Brilliant Career Marred by a Single Blunder.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—A deputation of Fair Traders waited upon Col. Henderson five days before the meeting and warned him of a probable collision with the Socialists who at the meeting had advocated the storming of the Free Traders' platform. Col. Henderson provided a police force at Trafalgar Square, where he himself strolled in during the meeting and at the close of which he ordered the force of police to proceed to Pall Mall. By an error of subordinates the force was sent to the Mall, St. James' Park instead of to Pall Mall. Col. Henderson admits that he depended on what he observed to be a fact, that the crowds always returned by the way they had come. In this instance his theory was upset.

Sir Robt. Fowler, member for London City, gave notice in the House of Commons of a motion on the subject of summary acceptance of Col. Henderson's resignation, despite his long and honorable service.

Lord Albermarle, in the House of Lords, paid a tribute to Col. Henderson's success in lessening crime and minimizing the conditions of vice.

The press generally expresses regret at Col. Henderson's retirement, but concurs that his blunders more than suffice to balance his distinguished record.

SOCIALISTIC LEADERS' TRIAL.

Complaint Entered Against London Journalists, and ask for their Arrest

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The hearing in the case of Burns, Hyndman, Champion and Williams, the Socialistic leaders who are accused by the authorities of having incited the recent riots at Trafalgar Square and Hyde Park, was resumed to-day. The session was devoted principally to hearing the testimony of newspaper reporters as to the exact language used by defendants in their inflammatory speeches. Hyndman, before proceedings were formally opened, entered a complaint against the editor and proprietors of *Punch*, and asked for their arrest. He alleged that they had attempted to excite the public against the defendants and prejudge their trial, by publishing a picture of Mr. Punch in the act of publicly hanging them, and in this way suggesting to the people a form of vengeance to inflict upon the defendants. The magistrate declined Hyndman's request, saying he had no power to interfere on the grounds specified.

EDITOR CONVICTED—BOGUS DOCTORS.

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—The editor of a Kiel newspaper, who was arrested for complicity with Saraaw, has been convicted at Leipsic.

The *North German Gazette* says a prosecution is imminent of numerous Germans who style themselves Doctors on the strength of diplomas purchased in America. There are 440 such doctors in Berlin alone.

DEPRESSION IN TRADE.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, in this city, today, Mr. Forwood, Conservative member of parliament from Lancashire, and a prominent merchant and ship owner of Liverpool, presided. He attributed the present depression in British trade to the appreciation of gold, assisted by the competition of foreign products and manufactures, turned out by skilled labor, and improved by technical education.

UNION MUST BE MAINTAINED.

DUBLIN, Feb. 23.—The Dublin Chamber of Commerce offered, and the Glasgow Chamber seconded, a resolution against weakening the Union between England and Ireland, because of the disastrous nature of the results which would ensue to the commercial and trading interests of Great Britain.

SUBMISSION OF GREECE.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Lord Rosebery, Foreign Secretary, has received from Sir Horace Rumbold, British Minister at Athens, a telegram announcing the formal submission of Greece and stating that Premier Leelayannis will prepare a protest to the powers that Greece submits only to force.

AUSTRALIAN BANK FAILURE.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—A despatch from Adelaide says the Commercial Bank of South Australia, the head office of which is at Adelaide, has suspended payment.

COMMERCIAL DEPRESSION UNPARALLELED.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 23.—The commercial depression here has reached a crisis. The gravity of the financial situation has not been paralleled since 1857.

HIS HOLINESS THE POPE ILL.

ROME, Feb. 23.—The Pope had a fainting fit to-day, the result of over-work.

LONDON GOSSIP.

Several thousand Scotch women have been thrown out of employment by the collapse of the Skirt and Bustings industry, due to American increase of duty on goods of that class.

Col. Burnaby's widow will marry Fred. Maine.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1886.

THE DAILY TIMES.

—Published daily and weekly by the—
VICTORIA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, Ld.
OFFICE—Yates Street, next to Frank Campbell's Corner.

DAILY TIMES delivered in all parts of the city by carrier, at 25 cents per week.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of order.

Per advertisement—

More than two days and not more than one week, 20 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 30 cents.

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $1, and accepted only for every day insertion.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS, Classified, 10 cents per word per month. No card inserted for less than $2.00.

Notices inserted amongst regular reading matter twice, 15 cents per line for each and every insertion.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, is an excellent readable family journal, sent to all parts of Canada and the United States free of postage.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, per year $2.00
" " six months 1.25

TERMS—Strictly in advance.

Special Rates for WEEKLY TIMES

TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertisements for the Daily edition must be handed in to this office not later than 10 a. m. on the morning of publication; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed.

Address, THE TIMES P. & P. CO., Victoria B. C.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

THE BALKANS QUIETED.

The unsettled state of affairs in southeastern Europe for some time past was the source of much uneasiness on the continent. All that now, however, is happily at an end. The union of the two Bulgarias is at last recognized by the Porte in fact, if not in name. The agreement between Turkey and Bulgaria has been signed and formally communicated to the Powers. Separate Legislatures there will probably be, and Eastern Roumelia will not change its name. The suzerainty of the Porte will also continue. But the Bulgaria south of the Balkans which we know as Eastern Roumelia, will in future be as free as the Bulgaria to the north. Prince ALEXANDER is appointed Governor of Eastern Roumelia for a period of five years, and the appointment is to be renewable so long as His Highness shall observe a "correct and faithful attitude towards the Sovereign Court." This practically means that the appointment is a permanent one. In the case of foreign aggression against the principality of Bulgaria or Eastern Roumelia the Porte undertakes to send a sufficient number of troops who will be under command of the Prince, and who will co-operate with the Bulgarian and Roumeliot troops for the defence of the territories. If any of the other Imperial provinces of Turkey in Europe should be attacked, the Prince undertakes to place Bulgarian troops at the disposal of the Sultan. This is a provision that might possibly prove somewhat onerous to Bulgaria. It is, however, counterbalanced by the obligation of Turkey to defend the territories of the Prince, and if the suzerainty of the Porte is to be recognized at all it is difficult to see how it is to be done without conditions of this class. After a delay of five months the revolution in Eastern Roumelia is sanctioned. The conclusion of the agreement, taken in conjunction with the more reasonable attitude of Servia, affords ground for the hope that there will soon be peace in the Balkans.

IRELAND'S CHIEF SECRETARY.

MR. JOHN MORLEY, Chief Secretary for Ireland in the new GLADSTONE government, has been re-elected to Parliament for Newcastle. The cable does not give the figures, but there is no doubt that MR. MORLEY has developed strength since he was selected for the high office he now holds. This fact is all the more significant, when we remember the dead set which has been made against MR. MORLEY by the Conservative leaders. His views in regard to the necessity for doing full justice to Ireland now, instead of aggravating the state of affairs by applying coercive legislation, have been persistently misrepresented, and an attempt has been made to prove that MR. MORLEY is in favor of the separation of Ireland from the United Kingdom. But the misrepresentations have fallen flat. At the general election Mr. MORLEY polled 10,129 votes as the second successful candidate, and the unsuccessful Conservative polled 9,500. Newcastle elects two members, but the Tories only ran one candidate doing their very best to secure the election of their man along with Mr. JOSEPH COWEN, one of the Radicals. An analysis of the vote then cast showed that Mr. MORLEY had nearly 8,000 plumpers, the remaining number voting for him being split with either COWAN or the Tory candidate. Remembering these facts, the Tories thought that they could defeat the Radical Minister, but they have evidently reckoned without their host. So far as we know, all of the new Ministers have secured their re-election.

THE Port Arthur *Herald* points out the vast difference which there is between the timber policies of the Dominion and Ontario governments. During 1884-5 Sir John Macdonald granted away 7,500 miles for $37,500, while the Mowat government sold 6,700 miles for $1,616,000. The explanation is easy. The Ontario government retain power through honesty and good administration. The Dominion are compelled to buy power.

WHY THEY ARE WORRIED.

The Chicago *Times* states that the transcontinental railway officials are not at all pleased with the outlook, more especially the negotiations that are in progress looking to the establishment of a steamer line in connection with the Canadian Pacific between San Francisco and Vancouver. They have been of the opinion that the service would not be put on, but now that it is certain, they are more than anxious that the Canadian road should enter the Transcontinental Association. The fact that GEO. OLDS is General Traffic Manager is another cause of disquietude. Those who have measured swords with him during his connection with the Missouri Pacific knew that he generally made his point when the interests of the road were involved and that he is a quiet but most persistent fighter. There is no doubt but that he will maintain his reputation in his new field; that is what he is there for. The outcome of the meeting now held in New York is looked for with interest. There are so many conflicting claims, so much discord and disturbance that the perpetuation of the pool on anything like an equitable basis is hardly possible. It has had a troubled existence, prolonged by a series of shifts and half promises never lived up to, tangles and disputes following each other in quick succession. Take the percentage. The roads now interested are not within shouting distances of each other in the matter. The Southern Pacific want 70 per cent., the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe 50 per cent., the Union Pacific 40 per cent., the Canadian Pacific comes knocking at the door with a demand for 50 per cent.; the Northern Pacific asks for a subsidy amounting to 6 per cent. of the gross for refraining from doing any California business, and the Pacific Mail must have its $85,000 a month or it will gobble up all of the Atlantic seaboard business.

A SERIOUS RUPTURE FEARED.

The announcement is made from Ottawa that the government has received numerous protests against the continuance of the arrangement made with the United States in July last when the fishery treaty expired. A large number of Canadian-registered vessels have been purchased by Americans, and sailing under the British flag are able to carry fish into Canadian ports free of duty. The vessels are essentially American in all things except the flag, and this recent diplomatic arrangement is a serious injury to Canadian fishermen. The government is entreated to demand that the United States shall either take some action looking to a treaty, or notify that government that the present one-sided arrangement shall cease. Hon. A. W. MCLELAN, Minister of Finance, but until recently Minister of Marine and Fisheries, stated yesterday that there was in his opinion, every prospect of a serious rupture between the United States and Canada, and possibly between England and the United States, before the end of next July. "The Americans," he said, "will not recognize our rights as they were defined under the late treaty, and will certainly proceed to fish next summer just as they did last. The Canadian government is already preparing to prevent them, and the results may be very serious." Captain SCOTT, R. N., has arrived in this city for the purpose of organizing a marine police for the protection of Canadian fishing interests during the coming season. Fifty thousand dollars were voted for this purpose last session, and the sum will be largely supplemented during the coming season if it be found necessary. It is the evident determination on the part of the government to have the treaty rights of Canadian fishermen respected.

FACTS FOR THE ELECTORS.

For the financial year ending the 30th of June, 1883,—the first year of the Smithe-Robson government—the receipts from ordinary sources, and expenditure of the province were as follows:

Expenditure	$595,173 71	
Revenue	439,400 85	
Leaving a deficit of		$155,773 26
June 30th, 1884.		
Expenditure	$590,631 10	
Receipts	506,767 29	
Another deficit of		$ 83,863 81
June 30th, 1885.		
Expenditure	$656,625 15	
Receipts	602,797 49	
Still another deficit of		$ 53,227 66
A total deficiency on three years operations of the Smithe-Robson government of		$292,864 83

A LONG standing dispute between the importers and the Customs authorities in the United States, as to whether the value of the package should be added to the value of the goods for duty, has been decided in the Supreme Court in favor of the importer. The Court decides that the value of the package should not be added. Here in Canada there is no dispute about the law, as the authorities have made the law to fit, and the cost of goods is accordingly enhanced; but there is an enormous amount of dissatisfaction with what is regarded as a grave hardship. It is to be hoped that a more enlightened policy will be adopted and that a practice which, in its operation, increases the duty on goods beyond the rate supposed to be collectable, will be abolished.

THE British Privy Council have graciously acceded to the prayer of Sir Charles Tupper and the Messrs. Allan that steamers touching at United States ports with Canadian cattle should not be held as coming from a scheduled country the thanks of the Canadian exporters is due to the hon. gentleman and Messrs. Allan for this prompt and acceptable ending to what threatened to be a very serious difficulty.

Twin Foes to Life

Are **Indigestion** and **Constipation.** Their primary symptoms are among the most distressing of minor human ailments, and a host of diseases, speedily resultant from them, mutually aggravate each other and assail at once the whole machinery of life. **Nausea, Foul Breath, Sour Stomach, Dizziness, Headaches, Bilious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dropsy,** and various **Skin Disorders,** are among the symptoms and maladies caused by derangement of the stomach and bowels.

A Thorough Purgative

medicine is the first necessity for cure. Then the cathartic effect must be maintained, in a mild degree, just sufficient to prevent a recurrence of costiveness, and at the same time the liver, kidneys and stomach must be stimulated and strengthened.

Ayer's Pills

Accomplish this restorative work better than any other medicine. They are searching and thorough, yet mild, in their purgative action. They do not gripe the patient, and do not induce a costive reaction, as is the effect of other cathartics. Withal, they possess special properties, diuretic, hepatic and tonic, of the highest medicinal value and

Absolutely Cure

All diseases proceeding from disorder of the digestive and assimilatory organs. The prompt use of AYER'S PILLS to correct the first indications of costiveness, averts the serious illnesses which neglect of that condition would inevitably induce. All irregularities in the action of the bowels — looseness as well as constipation — are beneficially controlled by AYER'S PILLS, and for the stimulation of digestive organs weakened by long-continued dyspepsia, one or two of AYER'S PILLS daily, after dinner, will do more good than anything else.

Leading Physicians Concede

That AYER'S PILLS are the best of all cathartic medicines, and many practitioners, of the highest standing, customarily prescribe them.

AYER'S PILLS,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
[Analytical Chemists.]
For sale by all Druggists.

E. C. PRIOR,

—IMPORTER OF—

Iron, Steel, HARDWARE

—AND—

Agricult'rl Machinery

Builders' Hardware,
Miners' Outfits,
Farm Wagons,
Plows, Harrows,
Mowers, Reapers
Twine Binders,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

GOVERNMENT ST., - VICTORIA.

FOR SALE.

To Farmers, Milkmen and Poultry Raisers.

"RICE MEAL," for fattening Stock of all kinds.

"CHIT RICE," invaluable to Poultry Raisers.

Victoria Rice Mill, Store Street.
feb15 d&w tf

Day & Boarding School,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Lady Principal - - Miss Dawson.
Vice-Principal - - Miss K. Dawson

The large and commodious premises lately occupied by Captain Pittendrigh having been secured for the above school, the Lady Principal is prepared to receive applications for the admission of Boarders.

Boys or Girls will be admitted into the Boarding-house whose parents may wish to send them as Day Pupils, either to the Public or High Schools of New Westminster.

All the boarders will have the benefit of the assistance of the Principal and Vice-Principal in the preparation of their lessons.

For terms and other particulars apply to
THE LADY PRINCIPAL.
jan25 d&w 1m New Westminster, B.C.

THE COLONIST BUILDING

Stove, Grate and Scale WAREHOUSE.

SPECIAL NOTICE to Steamboat owners, Ship Builders and others:

Orders taken at very reasonable rates for **Coppersmith's Work, Plumbing, Tinware, etc.**
jan29 1m **A. COWAN.**

REGINALD NUTTALL,

Real Estate Broker, Valuator and Conveyancer.

Loans Negotiated. Property bought and sold on commission, etc.

OFFICE—Pemberton Block, Yates street, Victoria. sep16 tf

G. B. GORDON,

Counsellor & Attorney,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
(Late of the Ontario Bar.)
Safe Deposit Building, Room 20.
feb12d

C.P.R.R.

TERMINAL CITY,

VANCOUVER

Lots 181 and 196, known as the Hastings Sawmill Property, are now being cleared and streets opened. This valuable property is offered for sale by single Lot or Blocks, and at prices that will command attention. A large rebate allowed to builders.

Plans and Price Lists, now in the hands of the leading Estate Agents in Victoria, New Westminster and Granville.

Robertson & Co.,
Estate Agents, Victoria.

VANCOUVER

Lots for Sale

IN

Lot 200 A, Group 1,

New Westminster District.

Apply to
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
dec4 1m New Westminster.
Or **ALLSOP & MASON,**
Government street Victoria.

TOWN OF FARWELL

Lots for Sale.

ALLSOP & MASON.
oc19 6m

COAL & WOOD.

THE JAMES BAY COAL YARD

Is selling Coal at the following rates per ton

Best Wellington Coal, $8; 5 ton lots at $7.50 per ton.

Best Southfield Coal, $7.

FULL WEIGHT GUARANTEED

Wood, either cut or full length.

An assortment of Spruce and Cedar LUMBER on hand.

TELEPHONE CALL, 520.

Orders left at Capt. Warren's office, Wharf street, or at the office, James Bay, will receive prompt attention.
dec14 G. D. WARREN.

To Coal Consumers.

Coal Direct from the Collieries.

THE VANCOUVER COAL MINING AND Land Company (Limited) are now prepared to supply consumers direct from their Collieries with their

Best Household Coal

In quantities of one ton and upwards.

Price $7 per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.

The Coal will be hand picked and delivered in sacks of 100 lbs. each. Orders should be sent to the Company at Nanaimo, and to prevent delay should be accompanied by Post Office Order or Cheque.

The Coal will be delivered at the consumer's residence or place of business within two days of receipt of advice.
nov 6 SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Supt.

Something New

MESSRS. CROFT & BUCKETT have on hand and for sale

Vancouver Coal Company's SOUTHFIELD COAL,

$7 per ton delivered; $6.25 per ton on the wharf; Single Sacks, 40 cents.

This Coal is hand-picked and of the best quality. Leave your orders at the

Union Truck and Dray Company's Office, foot of Yates Street.

Post Office Box 454. dec19 1m

Central Coal Yard,

FOOT OF JOHNSON STREET.

Best quality of double screened

WELLINGTON COAL

Fir and Alder Wood for sale in lengths to order.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

TELEPHONE NO. 13.
jan11 3m

Fire Insurance

Ætna Insurance Co.
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
ESTABLISHED 1819.

Cash Assets $10,000,000
Losses paid in 66 years .. $60,000,000

Risks accepted at current rates of premium, and losses paid with promptitude and liberality.

FRANK BODWELL,
City Agent,
Government street.
June 1 Next door to Telegraph Office.

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Windsor, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.

aug 14 tf **ISOM LANNING & CO.** Proprietors.

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1882, 1883, 1884. Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics Fair, 1882, 1883, 1884.

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS,

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Redon, the Baker who bought it, the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.
Mills—Salem, Oregon.
PORTLAND AGENT:
GEORGE SHIEL,
3 Stark street

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

ROYAL FLOUR!

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia.

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, Etc.,

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article furnished.

HENNING PETERS,
Empire Brewery,
aug10 tf Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C.

MASONIC BUILDING. CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES. CHEAP VARIETY STORE. DOUGLAS ST., Vic.

C. RUSSELL & CO.

QUEEN'S MARKET

GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

L. GOODACRE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHER.

Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

Shipping Supplied at Lowest Rates

TABLE DELICACIES.

AND ALL KINDS OF
FINE FAMILY GROCERIES

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Provisions, Liquors, Etc.,

Every article for hotel, boarding house or private family use.

HENRY SAUNDERS
Johnson Street.

PICTURES FRAMED

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A large stock of **Fine Mouldings** unequalled in Victoria.

Fine Selected Stock of Engravings

Works of Art and all kinds of Pictures, Mirrors, and Picture Glass sold by the light or box.

The finest Furniture made to order.

All work warranted.

JOS. SOMMER,
nov24 Government street.

Intending Settlers

AT OR NEAR COAL HARBOR can obtain from the undersigned all kinds of

FURNITURE,

Blankets, Bedding, Spring Mattresses, Tobacco, all kinds of Fruit and Confectionery, Vegetables, Hay, Grain, Etc.

Remember, you can buy your supplies from me cheaper than you can ship from Victoria.
F. W. HART,
nov30 Granville, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

The Great Overland Route.

Northern Pacific R. R.

The only line running Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Magnificent Day Coaches and Elegant Emigrant Sleeping Cars, with Berths free of charge.

From Washington and Oregon points to the East via

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

The only Transcontinental Line running Palace Dining Cars. (Meals, 75 cents.)

Fastest time ever made from the Coast over the Northern Pacific Railroad to Sioux City, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Burlington, Quincy, St. Louis, Chicago, and all points throughout the East and Southeast, via St. Paul and Minneapolis.

EMIGRANT SLEEPING CARS

Are hauled on regular express trains over the entire length of the Northern Pacific R. R. Passengers can save $7 to $9 by buying through Eastern tickets from the Victoria Agent. No change of cars.

Leave Portland, going East, at 3 p. m. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul 12:30 p. m. (noon) fourth day.

Connections made at St. Paul and Minneapolis to all points East, South and Southeast.

Trains leave Portland for Tacoma at 11:45 p. m. daily; arrive at Tacoma 6.30 p. m., connecting with O. R. and N. Co.'s boats for all points on Puget Sound, arriving in Victoria at 9.30 a. m.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Gen. Western Pass. Agent
No. 2 Washington Street, Portland.

Robert Irving, Agent, Victoria.

SECURE YOUR TICKETS

FOR

Overland Travel

BY THE GREAT

Albert Lea AND Rock Island ROUTES.

Connecting with the N. P. R. R AT ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS

COMFORT, SPEED,
PLEASURE CHEAPNESS,
—ALL COMBINED,—

ROBERT IRVING, Agent, Victoria.
CHAS. KENNEDY, Passenger Agent, Portland, Oreg.

Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.

TIME TABLE.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	2.20 a.m.
Arrives at New Tacoma at	4.30 a.m.
Arrives at Portland at	2.20 p.m.
Leaves Portland at	3.00 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Arrives at Portland at	10.20 a.m
Leaves Portland at	11 a.m
Arrives at New Tacoma at	9.35 p.m
Arrives at Victoria at	12 noon

NOTE—Steamers leave Victoria daily, except Sunday, connecting at Portland with Express trains for the East.

Passengers will leave on regular transport boat which leaves Ash street wharf at 3 p.m. daily. The tickets they hold will secure their transfer.

This is the only line from Puget Sound to all Eastern points in the United States and Canada.

Call upon or write to
ROBERT IRVING, Agent.
Office—C. P. N. Co.'s building, Wharf street
C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.
JOHN MUIR, Traffic Manager. JOHN J. BYRNE, Gen. Pass'r & Ft Agt.
General Offices—Corner Front and D streets Portland, Oregon. oc20

Grand Trunk Railway

The Old and Popular Route

MONTREAL, DETROIT, CHICAGO AND

All the Principal Points in Canada and the United States.

IT IS POSITIVELY THE

ONLY LINE From TORONTO

running the Celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping and Parlor Cars.

Speed, Safety, Civility!

Toronto to Chicago in 14 Hours.

BEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

Manitoba, British Columbia, and the Pacific Coast.

JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.

CHICAGO AND North Western RAILWAY,

THE BEST ROUTE AND

SHORT LINE

BETWEEN

Omaha, Council Bluffs, And CHICAGO.

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CHICAGO.

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Halfway House, Granite Creek Road.

A HOTEL, half way between Nicola and Granite Creek, has been opened for the accommodation of the traveling public, who can make this the first night's stopping place from Nicola, and reach Granite Creek next day.

The Hotel is supplied with all the necessary creature comforts.

Last of Wines, Liquors and Cigars on hand. Charges moderate.

T. RICHARDSON,
jan20 1m d&w Proprietor.

The Arlington Hotel,

[LATE AUSTRALIAN.]

Corner Government & Humboldt Sts., Victoria.

THIS Hotel has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, and possesses the finest Bar in the southern section of the city. The finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars constantly on hand. The only place in the city for delicious beverages.

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(LATE PARK HOTEL.)

LOVELY SCENERY!
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ESQUIMALT.

HAS been thoroughly refitted, and will be found equal to any in the town for comfortable accommodations, at the following rates: Board, per week, $4.50; Board and Lodging, per week, $5 and $6; Meals, 25c; Beds, 25c and 50c. Baggage taken to the hotel free of charge.

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FIRST-CLASS in every particular. Rates, $1, $1.50 and $2 per day, according to accommodation. Special rates by the week or month. The largest and most commodious hotel on Burrard Inlet. Fittings and furnishings throughout new. A large number of guests can be accommodated.

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WHERE "OLD BOB" will be found at his usual business of selling **BAD WHISKEY,** but good Cigars.

The undersigned cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

ROBERT McDERMOTT.
Victoria, January 8th, 1886. jan8

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Board and Lodging, per week ..... $5.50 and $6
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No Chinese Employed.

The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

sep16 **JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.**

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Cor. Washington and Adams sts.,
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BOARD—Per Week, with Lodging, $5.
Single Meals, 25 cents.

Best of accommodations and everything in first class style. Billiard and Pool Table.

je9 1y CAPT. C. GILBERT, Proprietor.

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THIS new and elegant Hotel is now open. The choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand. The table supplied with the best in the market.

Charges moderate.

sep10 3m P. CAREY, Proprietor.

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ESQUIMALT.

Board and Lodging moderate. Billiard Room attached.

No Chinamen employed.

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FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
TELEPHONE CALL, 126.

The Daily Times.

Victoria, Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1886.

A PARIS MYSTERY

By the Author of "My Ducats and My Daughter."

CHAPTER X.

Before ten o'clock next morning M. Blery had appeared. He was a little man, very shabbily dressed, with a napless felt hat and a grapovercoat, the sleeves of which were made too short, yet revealed no linen. His features were thin and sharp; his eyes were keen and restless; his mouth was habitually pursed as though secrets must come out if he opened it.

He came up to me quickly, bowed, and cast a glance around him which seemed to take in myself, the room and all its contents in a second of time.

"M. Marsall—Ah! Then I have the honor to salute the gentleman who assaulted my friend Py, is it not so?"

I confessed to this with a smile, but pleaded that the assault had been involuntary—that I and not known it was the friend of Monsieur.

"No matter," said M. Blery; "and what, then, does Monsieur think of the exploit of my friend Py—the achievement that has covered him with glory?"

"You mean the arrest of M. Girard?"

"Certainly! that is what I mean."

"Since Monsieur asks me, I think that his friend Py made a serious mistake on that occasion. I have some hope that Monsieur may be of the same opinion?"

M. Blery gave me a crafty look out of his little sharp eyes, then he said, slowly:

"My friend Py is a very clever man; he has great sagacity, and a brain—ah, admirable! But he believes too much in his good fortune. Ah, Monsieur, one should never believe in that! My friend Py goes to the native town of the murdered man; he finds out the nephew's name—comes back to Paris; finds out his domicile—comes here; finds the nephew himself, asleep, no wrist-button in one of his sleeves—arrests him. Ah, it is all so simple, so easy! No, things should not happen so in our line; when they do, one should say to himself, haste—this goes on too smoothly—the second step is seen almost before the first is taken—it is one piece of luck after another—beware of a trick! Py did not do this; he trusted his good fortune, and—you see! Yes, it is as Monsieur says, he has made a mistake."

"You have, then, been following the case, M. Blery?"

"I have made inquiries," said the detective, still very slowly, and giving me a curious, cunning look as he spoke—"yes, I have made inquiries. I have even reached a certain point in the case, but I can go no further."

"For want of evidence?"

"No, Monsieur, not at all. For want of money."

"Ah! That is all! Well, if money is wanted it will be forthcoming. And if M. Girard's innocence were established this would become a valuable document, is it not so?"

The detective's eyes twinkled as he read the paper signed by Raoul, offering a reward of twenty thousand francs for the detection of the criminal. *He* did not ask where the money was to come from.

"It is well," he said, handing me back the paper; "I trust Monsieur and his friend as men of honor. Let us be frank. Let us play an open game, cards on the table!"—M. Blery's manner changed completely after he had seen the document.

"That is what I desire," I said.

"Good. Now, the way is cleared, let us come to business. I hear of Monsieur at the prefecture of police, where he examines and takes tracings of the two daggers. Where, may I be permitted to ask, does Monsieur hear of me?"

"First from the janitor Mouton, at No. 13 Passage de Mazarin; next from M. Beauvais, of the Rue d'Anjou."

M. Blery looked at me again, and for about a minute said nothing. Then:

"Monsieur has made certain discoveries?"

"Yes, I have."

"And he no doubt gone over the evidence taken before Monsieur the Judge?"

"Yes."

"I trust Monsieur and his friend as men of honor."

"And has made notes of his discoveries and his ideas in reading the evidence?"

"Yes; I have noted down whatever occurred to me—that is, whatever seemed worth preserving."

"If Monsieur will read his notes, that, I think, would be the quickest way of going to work. With permission of Monsieur, I will light a cigar and listen."

I took out the notes I had made and read them; at first not without some trepidation in submitting my amateur work to such a critic. But the attention with which M. Blery listened reassured me.

The first point taken up in my notes was this—that Girard could not be supposed to have premeditated the crime. Had he done so, he would not, on the very night of the murder, have applied such language to his uncle as he had done; he would not have used and left behind him a weapon that must infallibly connect him with the crime. A madman might act in this manner; but Girard, when he left the Cafe de la Source, when he parted from his betrothed on that fatal Christmas eve, had been perfectly sane; of that there was no doubt whatever.

"Girard then," I went on, "did not premeditate the crime. If he murdered his uncle *without* premeditation, what is the most natural thing to suppose? Surely this—that he entered the room, asked his uncle for money, was refused with taunts and insults that lashed him into fury, and finally, in a paroxysm of fury, slew the old man with a single blow."

"But against this conjecture there is the medical and police testimony as to the position in which the corpse was found. All the witnesses concur in stating that he was found lying between his chair and the writing table, as if he had been struck suddenly and silently *from behind*. Had the blow been preceded by an altercation, that would certainly have been heard by the copyist Perret, whose room is divided from Meisner's by a thin partition. Had there been a hot dispute, face to face, between uncle and nephew, the blow would almost certainly have been struck in front, and not planted under the shoulder-blade.

"There being a difficulty in the way of both of these conjectures, my judge of instruction adopted a third. He supposed that Girard had armed himself with a dagger merely to frighten the old man, and that he had been led to murder him in a moment of homicidal mania—changing his purpose before a word had passed. This conjecture is one way out of the difficulty——"

"Ingenious, but unsatisfactory," observed M. Blery.

(To be continued.)

Samuel Bowles as an Editor.

[The Century.]

"The faculty in which he first showed eminence was skill in gathering news. Said Mr. Bryan who was added to the paper's force in 1852: 'He and I would go into a little restaurant on Sanford street, and one and an another would drop in and exchange a few words, and while we were eating our lunch he would pick up half a column of news.' Said a friend in a neighboring town: 'I would meet him on the street, we would chat a few minutes about the events of the day, and next morning I would find in the paper everything I had told him.'

"In the political conventions which he attended and reported, he was in his native element. He buttonholed everybody, and offended nobody; found out the designs of every clique, the doings of every secret caucus, got at the plans of the leaders, the temper of the crowd, sensed the whole situation; and the next morning's Republican gave a better idea of the convention to those who had staid at home than many of its participants had gained. These reporting expeditions were full of education to him. His mode of growth was by absorption. Other persons were to him sponges out of which he deftly squeezed whatever knowledge they could yield.

"It was commonly said that to seek redress from The Republican did more harm than good. This trait was partly due to deliberate unwillingness to weaken the paper's authority by admission of error. But it was probably more due to a personal idiosyncrasy. In many ways a most generous man, Mr. Bowles always hated to admit that he had been in the wrong. Sometimes he did it—not often—in private life; but in his paper never, when he could help it. 'We sometimes discussed this,' said Dr. Holland, and he once said: 'I sympathize with the Boston editor, to whom a man came in with the complaint, 'Your paper says that I hanged myself, and I want you to take it back.' 'No,' said the editor, 'we're not in the habit of doing that, but we will say that the rope broke and you escaped.'"

Studious Life of a German Officer.

[Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.]

The daily existence of a German officer is very studious and fatiguing one, but there is nothing whatever in it that can not be overcome and learned, and only a very few fail to do so. The preparation of written essays is one form of professional study which knocks all desire to drone in the head. The Count von Moltke believes that book study produces practical results; he can not talk verbally to his whole army, but he can reach every officer in Germany with the assistance of printers' ink, and he does it. That "writing makes an exact man and reading makes a full one" is something which gentlemen in the American army ought not to forget. In this country, at certain and frequent times in the year, essay subjects are given out to first lieutenants, and on a certain hypothesis furnished they are expected to examine opinions critically, point out advantages and inconveniences from a tactical point of view, discuss the way in which certain combats were conducted, and draw conclusions from encounters.

These literary compositions signed, they are sent to their ultimate destination. First, it is the battalion commander, who examines the essays, and he is obliged to record his opinion at length on the merits of each, as well as his own views on the subject, all of which becomes a part of the document, and is "respectfully forwarded." Next, the colonel takes a whack at it. He in turn must criticise the remarks of his batalion commanders as well as the essays of their subalterns, write his own views on the matter, send the whole forward to subject himself to the same ordeal, and so on up to the general commanding an army corps, whose office is the ultimate destination of the essays.

A Shrewd Mexican Postal Trick.

[Supt. Warfield in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

They have no regular mail service down in Mexico. The railroads there receive not a cent for carrying the mails, and no one in the republic seems to have any knowledge of how mails are sent or received. I think what the star-routers are complaining about is this: Having no system of their own, the Mexicans are trying to take advantage of ours by sending their mail around through Texas and back again into Mexico.

"Come to this map and I'll show you what I mean. Here, for instance, is the city of Laredo, Mexico, near the Texas line. If they want to send mail matter to Piedras Negras, a town way to the north, also in Mexico and on the Texas line, their scheme is this: First, mail will be sent to San Antonio, Texas, which lies far east into the interior of Texas, yet north of Laredo. From that it goes still northward, but at the same time back to the westward to Spofford Junction, also in Texas; thence down a little road back into Mexico and its destination, Piedras Negras. Even this roundabout way is far quicker than any system they have.

Round the World on a "Byke."

[Chicago Tribune.]

Thomas Stevens, who is going around the world on a bicycle has got as far as the heart of Persia in safety. He is a quiet, persevering youth, and if he gets home in safety he will be as big a traveler in his way as Marco Polo or Goodrich's "Gilbert Go-Ahead," the Yankee clock peddler. Stevens has no equipment outside of native good sense and grit. He is entirely ignorant of Asiatic languages and customs, but he has a knack at getting along with strangers. If he is not enthroned as a god or killed as a devil he will come out on the Pacific coast of China in good time, then trundle his machine through the smooth paths of Japan, and complete the circuit by steamer to San Francisco.

Gen. Sherman's Opinion.

Gen. W. T. Sherman, having been written to for his views on the subject of a national mausoleum for distinguished Americans, makes the following characteristic reply: "I have neither the time, inclination nor ability to discuss the proposition of an American Westminster. I once visited the catacombs under ancient Syracuse. Our guide said there was a million interments, but the contents of every chamber had been sold for manure. I asked him if a single grave had been spared; not one. As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever will be. Amen."

Tobacco as a Medicine.

[London Lancet.]

We incline to think that tobacco may be found to have as yet unsuspected value therapeutically, if we can only arrive at a correct notion of the precise manner in which its effects are produced, and then determine how to use it. Great good would result from the recognition of tobacco as a drug, if only because then its abuses could be restrained. In the old days before chloroform and the other anæsthetics were discovered, the use of tobacco as a potent sedative to relax the muscles in dislocations and to facilitate the reduction of hernia was a clumsy expedient. It was speedily abandoned when better stupefying agents were provided. It would, however, have been wiser to investigate the action of the agent more closely, instead of throwing it wholly aside.

Small but Valuable.

[Boston Transcript.]

Benson's watch, the size of a sixpence, creates a sensation at the London "Inventories." There is another, the size of a shilling, which shows the time, the year, the month, the day of the month and week, and the phase of the moon. It arranges itself to suit the exigencies of leap year. It repeats, when required, the hours, the quarters and minutes on a deep-toned gong. It is priced at 500 pounds sterling.

—THE—

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Merchants and Traders who desire to foster heir trade with the Interior Country should remember that

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THE WEEKLY TIMES

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Advertisements such as Wanted, For Sale, To Let, Lost and Found, Personals, &c., set in solid Nonpareil, and not exceeding thirty words in length, will be inserted one month for $1 two months for $1.50.

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THE BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

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Suits for Young and Old to suit all tastes. Comfortable Overcoats at all prices. Underwear of all grades and lowest prices. Hats, Caps, Mitts, Gloves, Ties, Socks, Shirts, Trunks, Umbrellas, and Valises. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

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Port Hammond	7 A M	.....	.....	.....	7 A M.	.....
Pitt Meadows	.....	7 A M	.....	7 A M	.....	.....
Granville, Moody'le, Pt Moody	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 A M	.....
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Yale	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NOTE.—In event of steamers not being able to reach Port Hammond, freight for points in the Interior will be delivered at Port Moody.

No freight will be received after 5 p. m.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

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Notices.

PRIVATE BILL.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, T. B. H. Cochrane and James Brady intend to apply for an Act granting them a lease for the term of twenty-five years of the unworked and abandoned mining ground on Findlay Creek, in the District of Kootenay, such lease to include the bench, bar, dry and hill diggings for 500 feet on either side of the said stream and the beds of the stream, and to extend from the first forks or south branch of said creek three miles below and five miles above the same, including the tributaries thereto, and with power, to the said T. B. H. Cochrane and James Brady to erect dams and construct ditches and flumes on the said creek and its tributaries.

EBERTS & TAYLOR, Solicitors for Applicants.

Dated Victoria, B. C., 20th December, 1885. dec31

Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on the north side of Thurlow Island, opposite Loughborough Inlet Coast District, and described as follows:

Commencing at stake about 40 chains from coast and run east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

T. D. MERRILL. January 25th, 1886. jan26 law 2m

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on Humfray Channel, Coast District, and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on the coast and about 7 miles from S. W. end of said channel and running east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

T. D. MERRILL. January 25, 1886. jan26 law 2m

Notice.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia during its session for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining a Railway from the City of Victoria to some point on Shoal Harbor in the District of North Saanich, Vancouver Island.

YATES & JAY, Solicitors for Applicants. Victoria, Feb. 2nd, 1886. feb8

Notice

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM of Calibourne, Grant & Cook, Cassiar, are requested to call on the undersigned at the office of Mr. R. Lippsett, second door from the Telegraph office, Victoria, to settle their indebtedness, or legal steps will be taken to collect the same.

JOHN GRANT. Vict., ia. Dec. 3rd. 1884. dec3 tf

Notice.

DURING my absence in California Frank Campbell holds my power of attorney.

P. MURPHY, Adelphi Saloon. October 3rd, 1885. oct3

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J. FINLAYSON Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B. C. Dealer in FINE FAMILY GROCERIES, of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice Tea and Coffee.

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ENRICO SORGE, [FROM LONDON,] Solo Pianist and Orchestral Conductor. PROFESSOR AND TEACHER OF SINGING and the Pianoforte. Attendance daily from 2 to 4 o'clock at Wahl's Music Store, where terms may be known. nov8 1m

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1886.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

While the TIMES is always prepared to give publicity to the views of correspondents on any question of interest to the public, provided facts are given, couched in unobjectionable language, we wish it to be understood that we do not hold ourselves responsible for the views expressed by the writers thereof.

Nor can we give room to duplicates of letters that have appeared in our contemporaries either in this city or elsewhere in the province. Correspondents, therefore, will save time and trouble in preparing such for THE TIMES, as they will be rejected.

Our space is valuable, and brevity as far as possible should be observed in writing on any topic, and on ONE SIDE of the sheet only.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—The Dominion Saw Mill Co. has resumed operations.

—Try the WAUKEMPHAST LASTS, at GEO. H. MAYNARD'S. *

—Before purchasing stoves, etc., call at Cowan's stove warehouse, Colonist building. *

—For comfort, the Wankemphast beats them all. For sale and made to order at GEO. H. MAYNARD'S. *

—A fire at Sapperton, on the evening of the 22nd, destroyed a dwelling house owned by Mr. Price. Uninsured, but slight loss.

—Some people do not know that RAND BROS.' Victoria office is on Fort St. *

—House-keepers will find a good assortment of house furnishing goods, etc., at Cowan's warehouse, Colonist building. *

—The name of Wm. Ratcliff, who was charged in police court with stealing a pair of blankets yesterday, should not be confounded with the name of Mr. W. H. Radcliff, clerk of the Gordon Hotel.

—If you want a modern building, have your plans made by Fisher the Architect. *

—The civic, or police, authorities have become so economical of late that it is now considered great extravagance to have a fire in the police court room during the sittings of the court.

—Lovers of the cue should remember that THE LANSDOWNE billiard parlor is the best in town. *

The traffic returns of the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ending January 31st, posted to-day, are $277,081, against $270,000 for the corresponding week in 1885, an increase for 1886 of $7,081.

—The police have a dozen chickens, taken from Chinese thieves, for which an owner is wanted. If not claimed soon, the boys at the barracks propose having a chicken pie on Sunday.

—That valuable preparation called the Gum Tree (Eucalyptus) Cough Syrup, that does not make you sick at the stomach, is for sale by Langley & Co. Victoria, sole agents. *

—Consignees per steamer North Pacific to-day, manifest No. 4227 M L Whitt, Thos Earle, Thos Shotbolt, Fell & Co, S Leiser, A Sanders, Sere & Deans, Jas Dwyer, H Mansell, M McNeil, Baker & Son.

—Buy your real estate through RAND BRO.; offices at Victoria, New Westminster and Vancouver. (Coal Harbor.) *

—A Chinese penitentiary convict, at New Westminster, named Wang Foong, attempted suicide on Sunday by cutting his throat. Will probably recover. He was at one time a merchant in Victoria, and was sentenced to a term of imprisonment some three or four years ago for manslaughter.

—THE discount sale of boots and shoes at the CITY BOOT AND SHOE STORE is still going on. *

—*Lansdowne House, Yates street, received to-day Brussells Kid Gloves, Combination and other Hoop-skirts, Bustles, &c., &c. John Partridge, Prop.*

—Mr. Drake's bill to amend the Qualification and Registration Act of 1876, read a first time yesterday, is for the purpose of giving the franchise to women. A similar bill was defeated during last session.

—To avoid waiting, on account of the store being crowded in the afternoon, leave your orders and the goods will be sent to your residence on approval and called for next day. GEO. H. MAYNARD. *

—A gentleman of the city having large business interests on the east coast, complains that the P. O. gave no intimation that letters would not be forwarded to-day as usual, nor even announced the fact that letters had not been sent. Necessarily there will be a serious disarrangement of business when important correspondence is thus detained.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Major Jackson, Chief of Staff to Gen. Gibbon of the Department of the Columbia, and Quartermaster Lansing, who were on a visit to Victoria, during which they visited the dry dock and war ships at Esquimalt in company with Consul Stevens, returned to Port Townsend this morning.

Passengers by North Pacific to-day: J K Wallace, W Benjamin, J Davis, L Youngson, C S Fay, C Boin, A McNeil, Mrs McNeil, J A Johnson, M L White, E Ligg, S C McLeran, A Scurler, J Warren, A Douglass, Mrs Mazog, W Baron, Wm Travers, Frank Campbell, G Burton, P Smith, G Brown, Brown, C Thompson, W Morris, Mrs Carter.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Edwin Johnson, Esq., S. M.)

Andrew Williams, drunk; fined $4 and $1 costs.

Mary, a Tongas, drunk; fined $5 and $1 costs.

Ah Gum, charged with stealing chickens. Officer Smith arrested prisoner this morning, at 6 o'clock, near the corner of Fisguard and Douglas streets. He had four chickens concealed under his coat and refused to tell where he got them. Pleaded guilty and sentenced to three months with hard labor.

Ah Sing, stealing chickens from some person unknown. He was arrested this morning by Officer Beaty with seven chickens in his possession. Pleaded guilty and sentenced to three months.

THE "TACOMA" LIBELLED.

The tug Tacoma has been libelled by the owners of the ship John Rosenfeld. On arrival at Seattle yesterday she was tied up at Yesler's wharf. A notice is published in the *P.-I.* this morning warning her owners to appear before the District Court at Port Townsend on March 11th. The damages claimed are $140,000.

VANCOUVER CITY.

Messrs. Robertson & Co. yesterday closed the sale of lot 23, block 7, in the 85 acre subdivision of lot 196, Granville, for $2,250. The size of the lot is 44x120. It is a corner lot in a very desirable locality. The same firm have recently closed a number of other sales in the Vancouver townsite.

ÆSTHETIC FLOWERS.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of Mr. J. Moss, florist. Mr. Moss has a large assortment of æsthetic, annual, immortelle and other ornamental flower seeds, also seeds for cemetery purposes.

THE INTERIOR CAPITAL.

Happenings at Kamloops—Business Dull —Future Prospects—Site of the City—Local Gossip.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

KAMLOOPS, Feb. 18.

Kamloops at this juncture is enjoying nothing but good weather. From this you will understand that Kamloops is dull. When railway work was suspended last fall it naturally followed that there would be less money in circulation. Nevertheless the town held up bravely under it, and in fact nobody complained of depression until after the holidays. Kamloops has the misfortune to be badly located for purposes of railway traffic. The present site of the town requires to be changed. The town is built under a hill facing the South Thompson river. It has but one street, and that is occupied by the railway track, and as a consequence there is not room enough for a depot and the necessary side tracks. Eastward of the town, half a mile, is a broad flat of several hundred acres in extent owned by J. A Mara and others. Upon this flat the Railway Co, it is presumed, will build their depot, round houses, etc. The present town therefore will be

LEFT OUT IN THE COLD.

The uncertainty of the situation is still further heightened from the fact that Mr. Mara has not yet offered lots for sale. If a new town is going up people would like to know something of it, and prepare themselves accordingly. Rumor says that Mr. Mara is awaiting the action of the railway people, who demand a slice of the land. In such a case what is to prevent the company from designating their boundaries and the throwing of the remainder of the land in the market. We await the action of the powers that be with impatience. If we must change our business locations we demand an opportunity to do so at once, and thus insure a normal condition of things. Kamloopians, however, derive consolation from the knowledge that whatever may be the aims of the railway company, its mines are bound to give it a boom. Since last spring the

QUARTZ MINES OF NICOLA

have been attracting attention, and the later developments of this winter indicate that they are rich in mineral and extensive beyond the wildest calculation. Quartz, indeed, is being found contiguous to Kamloops. It would not be at all surprising if Kamloops was found to be the centre of one of the largest quartz mining regions on the continent. The Similkameen country was prospected twenty years ago, and the fact that the rich gold deposits of that region were overlooked, leads to the impression that our mountains contain untold millions, which diligent prospecting will develop within the next twelve months. Mr. A. E. Benoist, who lately passed through this town to attend to his mining interests on the Columbia river, predicted to your correspondent, the discovery of rich gold fields in this immediate section. From Granite Creek, he said, prospectors would scatter far and wide, and it was impossible that the rich lands with which he was satisfied the country abounded should escape their observation.

SCOTCH AND ADAMS CREEKS

are also looming up as rivals of Similkameen. A company of Italians who went there a few weeks ago report a find averaging fifteen cents to the pan. Charles Williams who, with others, is running a tunnel on Scotch creek, brought to town the other day some fine specimens of quartz. The creeks are within fifty miles of Kamloops, and are accessible by steamer. Unquestionably we are on the eve of an excitement which will throw Cariboo in the shade.

BRIEF MENTION AND LOCAL GOSSIP.

The new Court house is all but finished.——The railway company, which started to put up ice a few days ago, was obliged to suspend operations on account of the warm weather. They succeeded in putting up about 250 tons.——Deadheadism is epidemic, and hotel keepers are talking of smashing their slates.——The skeletons of a baby and an adult (gender unknown) were discovered by a couple of prospectors close to town. The find though not assaying much proved a perfect godsend in the way of temporary excitement.——Mr. W—— is about to visit your city. Saloon keepers, replenish your stock of gin.——The "Fat Boy" has sworn off for six months. The senior partner of one of our hotels, ditto.——We have to congratulate Mr. LeV., who at last succeeded in getting somebody to marry him. The Church of Rome refused; the Church of England refused; Mr. Dodd, our urbane Government agent, took pity on him finally and welded the hymeneal band in good style.——It is not definitely known whether any more marriages will take place this season, but if Charlie McN. don't attend to his business closer of evenings the public will take it for granted that he proposes to imitate Mr. Le Y.

CHANCE FOR AN ASSAYER.

I almost forgot to mention that I believe that an assayer would do well here this summer. There is no question of the mineral richness of this region.——Notwithstanding the lateness of the season, Mr. C., our estimable watchmaker still persists in taking his brandy hot. Mr. C.'s tastes, evidently, are not regulated by the seasons.

IRBING.

ATTEMPTED JAIL BREAKING

With the Assistance of an Old Hatchet a Hole is Made in the Wall.

About ten o'clock last night it was discovered that four of the prisoners confined in the city jail, Sufferin, Martin, Wilson and Wm. Holloway, were attempting to escaped by cutting a hole through the wall of their cell. When discovered, they had succeeded in boring a hole about a foot square clean through the brick wall, which is eighteen inches in thickness. The instrument with which the work was done was a small hatchet head affixed with wire to a stick about two feet in length. How they managed to secure this tool is a mystery. With this instrument, however, crude as it was, they had almost managed to bore their way through to liberty. Had they succeeded in making the hole large enough to crawl through, they would have emerged into a passageway from which a stairway leads to Mr. Boyeratt's rooms in the upper portion of the jail building. From there, at that hour, they would probably have managed to escape without much difficulty.

—Just arrived at the City Boot and Shoe Store, Fort street, direct from London, a full set of ENGLISH WAUKEMPHAST LASTS for custom work. GEO. H. MAYNARD. *

—No room can be considered as well furnished unless supplied with one of those NEW AND STYLISH FENDERS on view and for sale at A. & W. Wilson's, Fort street. *

MRS. V. A. LEPRINCE, Fashionable Dressmaking, late of San Francisco. Cutting and fitting a specialty. Government street, up stairs, next to new Bank of B. C. *

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Fourth Session—Fourth Parliament.

FIFTEENTH DAY—CONTINUED.

TUESDAY, Feb. 23.

THE LEGAL ACT.

Mr. McTavish, who had voted in favor of the present law, said he saw no reason to change his mind. He moved that the bill be read this day six months.

Mr. Dunsmuir thought the bill was a step in the wrong direction, because he believed that the fewer lawyers we had in the country the better. (Laughter.) The devil always found mischief for idle hands to do, and when the country was full of lawyers, some of them would be getting into trouble. He would oppose the bill.

Mr. Helgesen said if the legal gentlemen had not been so numerous in the House the present act would not be on the statute books. The legal profession should stand on its own merits. There was no protection to other businesses, and there should be none in law. The lawyers of the province would be better if they had more competition. All good men should be allowed to come into the province without restriction.

Mr. Pooley opposed the bill. The object of the twelve months' residence was to give new comers an opportunity to become familiar with the practice in the province, and also to give them an opportunity to become residents. It was also necessary to protect the younger men in the profession. The other provinces of the Dominion required a residence for some time before lawyers coming from a distance would be permitted to practice in their courts, and he was in favor of reciprocity in that respect.

Hon. Mr. Robson would vote for the amendment and for reasons already stated. He did not agree with free trade in physics or in law. It was probably not necessary to surround the practise of medicine, but it certainly was the next thing to it. It was in the interest of the people themselves that protection should be given. It is a fact that in the profession of the law there are unprincipled scoundrels, and the people should be protected against them. We should aim at maintaining the high standing of the bench as well as the bar of this province. It was no hardship that strangers should be required to remain twelve months before being permitted to practice. By shortening it to three, there would be no protection against scallawags and scoundrels coming to the province and preying upon the people, as it would be impossible to ascertain what their previous standing had been.

Mr. Galbraith was astonished that the honourable gentlemen (Mr. Robson) after denouncing the profession as being composed of "scoundrels", "scallawags," etc., should remain in a cabinet in which there was a lawyer. It was strange that he had not become contaminated by the Attorney General. He was in favor of the bill because he knew that one or two lawyers were anxious to come to Kootenay to practice their profession, but if they were compelled to remain one year they would not go into that district. It was a most expensive matter to bring lawyers from Victoria to Kootenay and few could afford the enormous charges. Every law office in Victoria was crowded with clients, and yet the lawyers were trying to keep others out. He was of opinion that three months' residence was sufficient. He had favored the present bill on the ground that he considered it right to afford a certain protection to the young men of the province, but he had since seen that it tended to keep out professional men from Kootenay, where several were anxious to go, and where one was required, and he had consequently modified his views somewhat in that particular.

Mr. Allen would vote against the amendment. To-day there was not a legal gentleman above Kamloops. The fees charged there were from $200 up to $400, and it was altogether too much.

Hon. Mr. Smithe argued laboriously and at a tiresome length in favor of the six months hoist.

Mr. Orr said he would like to see the bill go to committee of the whole, and would have to vote against the amendment. The principle of the bill was a good one. He was sorry to hear the Provincial Secretary refer to the members of the legal profession of the east as "scallawags," and to state that if our doors were open they would pour into the country. The same law applied to law that did to labor. Demand regulated the supply. He believed that the principle of the present law was wrong, because the legislature might as well pass an act to protect a merchant or artizan as to protect a lawyer. It was just as reasonable to protect a watchmaker. In respect to Ontario he understood there was an act there which allowed barristers coming from other provinces to begin practice at once if their provinces extended the same privilege to young men going from Ontario.

Mr. Grant said the legal gentleman of the House seemed to forget that the benches of the other provinces were just as competent as the benches of this province. The hon. leader of the government, in 1883, voted to give the bill a six months' hoist, and he now taunted the member for Kootenay with having changed his opinion on the question. It was not necessary to examine a lawyer from Eastern Canada who had already been admitted to practice. The interchange between Ontario and Quebec in this respect, he understood, was a very common and liberal one, and it was in the interest of the people of this province that the same rule should obtain here. It was unfair and unreasonable to compel a young man coming from Eastern Canada to remain a year without being able to earn a dollar—it was a great hardship. He understood that with very little trouble, a barrister going to New York could be admitted, and if it was found expedient to have few barristers there it should be expedient here as well. The power given to examiners was very arbitrary, and they might often be disposed to frame questions almost unanswerable, for the purpose of keeping good men out. He was in favor of the greatest good to the greatest number, and that could be secured in this matter by passing the bill. The hon. gentleman from Nanaimo had argued in favor of having few lawyers, which was in accord with his views in having a monopoly, and in that he was consistent. He did not think there were any more "scallawags" among the lawyers than in other professions, but the Provincial Secretary was in the habit of drawing on his imagination for his facts.

Mr. Cunningham said when the bill came before the House he had intended to vote for it but from what he had heard he had changed his mind. He was not in love with the lawyers, but they were a respectable class after all. Saw no necessity for the change. At a future time he might have occasion to change his views again, and he would do so if necessary.

Mr. McLeese had voted against the bill before and was of the same opinion still. As the law now stood it was equivalent to preventing the people of the remote country districts from having the services of a legal gentleman. In voting for the bill now before the House he was voting for the people and against the lawyers who had now a monopoly. He held the assertion to be correct that mechanics have as good a right to be protected as had lawyers. The legal profession, like any skilled labor, should be open to competition.

Mr. T. Davie said had the bill been similar to the Ontario law, which provided for the immediate admission of barristers coming from a province according the same privilege, he would have voted for it. The more lawyers the more litigation, and if there is no restriction unqualified men would make mistakes, and through those mistakes further litigation would ensue. Enjoying as he did a lucrative practise he had nothing to fear on personal grounds but it was in the interest of the people that restrictions should be enforced. The young men of this province should also be protected. Twelve months was not an unreasonable time to learn the provincial laws, which are the result of twenty-five years' legislation. We have plenty of lawyers here now without opening our doors to outsiders.

Mr. Raybould would support the second reading. While artizans and tradesmen had no protection, it was unfair to protect the legal profession. There seemed to be great anxiety with some as to the future of the young men of the province, but it seemed to him that if they found there was no room in British Columbia they would go into other provinces. No one can deny that lawyers are a very useful although a very expensive class. But he believed our legal men will always be able to hold their own against all comers.

Mr. Beaven referred to the illogical position of the Chief Commissioner, who said he proposed to vote on the 6 months' hoist in order to protect the people, while on the other hand, members from the mainland stated that there was a desire among the people for the amendment of the present law. If some of those "scallawags" and "scoundrels" had heard the Provincial Secretary they would have retaliated, and would have asked: "How did the people of British Columbia come here in the first place?" (Hear, hear.) There was nothing then to stop them.

Mr. Semlin believed that the sons of the men who came here in 1862 were able to hold their own against all others, and did not require protection from this House. It had been argued that from the Provincial Secretary's "scoundrels" and "scallawags" the Dominion government would select men to fill the bench, but such an argument was most ridiculous. There was no danger of the bench of this province. The member for Esquimalt had said the present law met the requirements of the profession. There was no doubt of that at all. On the question of protection, why should it not be extended to every other trade and calling in the province? The gentleman (Mr. Cunningham) who had encouraged him to introduce the bill now got up and said he would oppose it. How he could do so, on the ground that he was opposed to sudden changes of this character, was more than he (Mr. Semlin) could understand.

The amendment giving the bill the six months hoist—was then put and carried on the following division:

Ayes—McTavish, T. Davie, Smithe, Robson, A. E. B. Davie, Martin, Dunsmuir, Dingwall, Wilson, Drake, Cunningham, Pooley, John—13.

Noes—Beaven, Allen, Galbraith, Orr, McLeese, Cowan, Helgesen, Grant, Semlin, Raybould, Duck—11.

RETURN.

Hon. Mr. Robson handed in returns in reference to lands sold at English Bay, with correspondence, etc., on the matter.

House adjourned at 2 o'clock.

SIXTEENTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 24.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m. Prayers were read by Rev. Mr. Beanlands.

RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. Duck presented a copy of the report of the commissioners appointed to investigate the claims of dry dock creditors.

Hon. Mr. Robson presented a return, containing the final agreement entered into with Mr. Baillie-Grohman, in reference to the Kootenay Colonization and Reclamation scheme.

PETITIONS.

The petition of residents of Alberni, for the formation of an electoral district, was passed.

CHINEE CUTTING HEMLOCK.

Mr. Helgesen moved "That an order of the House be granted for a return of all correspondence respecting the granting to Quong Sing, or any other Chinaman, the right to cut hemlock timber for the bark upon the Crown lands within the province of British Columbia." He understood that contracts had been let to Chinamen for cutting 400 cords of hemlock timber, and the work was to be done entirely by Chinese labor, which was a great wrong to the white settlers. His object was to know what authority the Chinese had for despoiling the forests, and he hoped the government would be able to throw some light on the subject.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said it seemed to him a waste of time to move a resolution of this kind when there was absolutely no foundation for it. No right had been granted to any Chinamen for such a purpose; but there is no restriction in the act, and any person may cut hemlock bark. A single question would have been sufficient.

Hon. Mr. Beaven held that the mover was justified in bring forward his motion. To tell the hon. gentleman that he should have put a question with the view of eliciting the desired information, after his experience in former cases is very absurd. Wanting to get at the bottom of the matter he is prefectly right in the course taken. If there is no correspondence all the government have to do is to say so. The motion was carried.

KOOTENAY REVENUE.

Mr. Galbraith moved "That an order of the House be granted for a return showing the amount collected under the several heads of revenue in the Kootenay District, from the 1st January, 1885, to 31st December, 1885." He understood that a very large sum of money, amounting to over $30,000 had been collected in the district. During the past five years the district had not received its share of money for roads, streets and bridges, and he would like to have the return before the estimates was considered. On the promise of the Finance Minister that the information would be given, motion was withdrawn.

FERRY CHARTERS.

Mr. Galbraith moved "That an order of the House be granted for a return of all applications and correspondence in connection with granting ferry charters at Farwell and Upper Kootenay Crossing." The mover explained that a ferry was much needed at the Kootenay Crossing. The government had advertised for tenders, but no notices had been sent into Kootenay.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said the returns would be brought down. He said a number of tenders had been put in, and the contract had been awarded to one party. But the tenderer afterwards ascertained that the railway company was about constructing a bridge, which would render the ferry useless, and he declined to accept the contract. At the upper crossing Mr. Baillie-Grohman had been awarded the contract.

Mr. Galbraith pointed out that the ferry in Kootenay had been operated for several years by Mr. Armstrong, who would have tendered had he known that a contract was called for. Only two notices of the *Gazette*, in which the advertisement appeared, went to Kootenay, and few people there knew that tenders had been called for.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y. feb1

VANCOUVER.

On Coal Harbor, the Terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Personal inspection and reports of Coal Harbor lands, made on application, contracts for clearing land negotiated and superintended. Large lists of most central properties and plans of townsite on application. Parties living at a distance buying through us will have the advantage of our personal inspection and report. Intending investors should come to Vancouver, when we will take pleasure in driving them over the principal roads and showing them over the townsite. We have established a free reading room for use of strangers and shall be glad if all such will make use of same on arrival here. Correspondence solicited.

Address

F. C. INNES & Co.,
Real Estate Brokers, Vancouver, Burrard Inlet, British Columbia. *

JAMES RUSSELL has opened his new Store on Douglas street, near Maynard's Photograph Gallery, and is now prepared to supply the public with all kinds of Scotch pastry, Buns, Cakes &c. Also Sausages and Puddings, Mutton Pies, and Tea and Coffee. Orders received for Christmas and New Year's cakes and buns.

Artistic Binding executed in this Province ONLY by R. T. Williams; and out of the Province by the other (?) Binder, assisted by un-British Nepotism of the present Local Government.

NEW TO-DAY.

For Mexican Ports,

VIA SAN FRANCISCO,

Calling at Todos Santos, Mazatlan, San Blas and Manzanillo.

UNDER CHARTER with the Compania Mexicana de Navigacion del Pacifico and contract with the Mexican Government.

THE IRON SCREW STEAMSHIP

"SARDONYX,"

S. W. BUCKNAM. - - MASTER.

Will sail from Victoria harbo. for the above mentioned ports on or about

Saturday, March 6, 1886,

RETURNING.

The steamer Sardonyx will leave Manzanillo and way ports for Victoria via San Francisco about the 22nd March, thus affording shippers good opportunity for direct shipment from the above ports.

For freight or passage, apply at the office of
E. CROW BAKER,
Or HENRY SAUNDERS,
Victoria, B. C.

AGENTS IN

San Francisco—J. Cutte.
Mazatlan—Jesus Escovar.
Manzanillo—Van der Linden, Vogel & Co.
feb24 2w

F. REVELY,

Real Estate Agent,

CONVEYANCER,

RENT & DEBT COLLECTOR.

Money loaned. Business promptly attended to. P. O. Box 428. nov9

C. B. ROBELEE,

Carpenter, Joiner and Contractor,

WHARF STREET, near JOHNSON
VICTORIA.

All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.
Houses built on the Instalment plan.

Charges Moderate.

oct19-3m.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents.

PURCHASE, SELL AND LEASE PROPERTY, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to

REAL ESTATE.

Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands, can be consulted at their office. feb13

W. H. PHILIPPS,

ENGRAVER

ON WOOD AND METAL,

Die Sinker, Stamp Maker, Stencil Cutter.

OFFICIAL SEALS

And all kinds of Jewelry Engraved.

Corner Trounce and Broad Streets
an24tf Victoria, B. C.

Notice.

I have taken as a partner in my business Mr. GEO. ANDERSON. The firm name will in future be SHORE & ANDERSON.

feb17 1m A. E. SHORE.

MIDWIFERY.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, RECENTLY from Halifax, N. S. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street over Gosnell's grocery store mar13

FOR COMFORT,

The WAUKEMPHAST Beats Them All!

FOR SALE AND MADE TO ORDER AT

GEO. H. MAYNARD'S,

FORT STREET.

The Discount Sale

STILL GOING ON.

Go Early and Avoid the Rush.

CHEAPER THAN

REMNANTS!

1706 Yards Melton Cloth Dress Goods,

Direct from the Manufacturer, received this day at

The White House

And for sale at 20 cents per yard;

Colors—Navy, Maroon, Seal, Myrtle and Black.

—ALSO,—

150 CHILDREN'S COLORED FELT HATS,

New Goods, 75 cents each; worth $1.50.

Hutcheson, Young & Co.

NEW CLOTHS—JUST OPENED

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

English, French & Scotch Suitings & Trouserings,

IN ALL THE LATEST MAKES AND DESIGNS.

Worsted Coatings in Blue and Black, Broadcloths and Doeskins.

Garments made to order in either American or English styles.

The best Trimmings used and satisfaction guaranteed.

No Cheap Canadian Goods in stock.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTIST TAILORS,

CORNER OF DOUGLAS AND PANDORA STREETS. feb11

GRAND PEDESTRIAN

Tournament!

Go As You Please 48 Hours

WALKING MATCH,

AT THE SKATING RINK,

Open to all local Walkers, commencing

On Monday, March 1, at 9:30 P. M.

Two Hundred Dollars in Prizes. First, $100; Second, $65; Third, $35. Entries to be made on or before Wednesday, Feb. 24th, at 8 o'clock, at the Bee Hive Saloon.

ADMISSION 25 cents. Reserved seats for ladies. No extra charge. Full Brass Band in attendance.

WM. McKAY,
feb17 Manager.

FOR SALE,

In the City of New Westminster.

THAT large and rapidly increasing business known as the

Pacific Carriage Works.

Any one wishing for an opening in this line would do well to correspond with the proprietors. Good reasons given for selling.

For further particulars, apply to
JOHNSTON & SMITH,
feb19 tf Proprietors.

PITT & PICKEN,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

The Terminal City Land Office,

VANCOUVER, B. C.,

Are prepared to furnish all particulars regarding lots for sale within the City boundaries.

Requisitions by mail promptly attended to. jan16 w

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned until 4 p.m. of Monday next, the first of March, for the purchase of W. M. Paine's race boat "Genesta" which can be seen at the salesroom, Yates street. The highest tender not necessarily accepted.

W. R. CLARKE,
feb 23-5t Auctioneer.

J. C. & J. FIELDS

Candles,
Salad Oil, Bulk and case,
Cocoa Matting, plain & fancy
Fry Pans,
Galv'd Iron Buckets,
Etc. Etc. Etc.

—AT—

R. C. JANION.

feb18

THE FAMOUS

The Royal Blend

WHISKEY,

Case and Bulk.

R. C. JANION

STORE STREET.

J. H. CUTTER

Bourbon Whiskey,

CASE AND BULK.

R. C. JANION,

STORE STREET. feb17

BASS' ALE,

GUINNESS' STOUT,

QUARTS AND PINTS,

—AT—

R. C. JANION.

feb17